

TIN

Though they had ideas enough to distinguish gold from a stone, and metal from wood, yet they but *timorously* ventured on such terms which should pretend to signify their real essences.

Let dastard souls be *timorously* wife:
But tell them, Pyrrhus knows not how to form
Far-fancy'd ills, and dangers out of fight.

Timorousness. *n. f.* [from *timor*.] Fearfulness.

Timous. *adj.* [from *time*.] Early; timely; not innate.

The clergy, through the *timorousness* of many among them, were refused to be heard by their council.

By a wife and *timous* inquisition, the peccant humours and humours must be discovered, purged, or cut off.

TIN. *n. f.* [from *ten*, Dutch.]

1. One of the primitive metals called by the chemists Jupiter.

Quicksilver, lead, iron, and tin, have opacity or blackness.

Tin ore sometimes holds about one-sixth of tin. *Woodward.*

2. Thin plates of iron covered with tin.

To *TIN*. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To cover with tin.

To keep the earth from getting into the vessel, he employed a plate of iron *tinned* over and perforated.

The cover may be *tinned* over only by nailing of single tin plates over it.

New *tinning* a saucepan is chargeable.

TINICAL. *n. f.* A mineral.

The *tinical* of the Persians seems to be the chrysolite of the ancients, and what our borax is made of.

To *TINCT*. *v. a.* [from *tinctus*, Lat. *teint*, Fr.]

1. To stain; to colour; to spot; to die.

Some bodies have a more deperitable nature than others in colouration; for a small quantity of saffron will *tinct* more than a very great quantity of wine.

Some were *tinted* blue, some red, others yellow.

I distilled some of the *tinted* liquor, and all that came over was as limpid as rock water.

Those who have preserved an innocence, would not suffer the whiter parts of their soul to be discoloured or *tinted* by the reflection of one sin.

2. To imbue with a taste.

We have artificial wells made in imitation of the natural, as *tinted* upon vitriol, sulphur, and steel.

TINCT. *n. f.* [from the verb.] Colour; stain; spot.

That great medicine hath

With his *tint* gilded thee.

Of evening *tint*

The purple streaming amethyst is thine.

The first scent of a vessel lasts, and the *tint* the wool first appears of.

TINCTURE. *n. f.* [from *tinctura*, Fr. *tinctura* from *tinctus*, Lat.]

1. Colour or taste superadded by something.

The light must be sweetly deceived by an insensible passage from bright colours to dimmer, which Italian artisans call the middle *tinctures*.

Hence the morning planet gilds her horn,

By *tincture* or reflection they augment

Their small peculiar.

'Tis the fate of princes that no knowledge

Come pure to them, but passing through the eyes

And ears of other men, it takes a *tincture*

From every channel.

That beloved thing engrosses him, and, like a coloured glass before his eyes, casts its own colour and *tincture* upon all the images of things.

To begin the practice of an art with a light *tincture* of the rules, is to expose ourselves to the scorn of those who are judges.

Malignant tempers, whatever kind of life they are engaged in, will discover their natural *tincture* of mind.

Few in the next generation who will not write and read, and have an early *tincture* of religion.

Sire of her joy and source of her delight;

O! wing'd with pleasure take thy happy flight,

And give each future morn a *tincture* of thy white.

All manners take a *tincture* from our own,

Or come discoloured through our passions shown.

Have a care lest some darling science so far prevail over your mind, as to give a sovereign *tincture* to all your other studies, and discolour all your ideas.

2. Extract of some drug made in spirits; an infusion.

In *tinctures* drawn from vegetables, the superfluous spirit of wine distilled off leaves the extract of the vegetable.

To *TINCTURE*. *v. a.* [from the noun.]

1. To imbue or impregnate with some colour or taste.

He *tinctures* rubies with their rosy hue,

And on the sapphire spreads a heavenly blue.

A little black paint will *tincture* and spoil twenty gay colours.

2. To imbue the mind.

TIN

Early were our minds *tinctured* with a distinguishing sense of good and evil; early were the seeds of a divine love, and holy fear of offending, sown in our hearts.

To *TIND*. *v. a.* [from *tind*, Gothick; *tendan*, Saxon.] To kindle; to set on fire.

TINDER. *n. f.* [from *tind*, Gothick; *tendra*, Saxon.] Any thing eminently inflammable placed to catch fire.

Strike on the *tinder* ho!

Give me a taper.

To these shameless pastimes were their youth admitted, thereby adding, as it were, fire to *tinder*.

Where sparks and fire do meet with *tinder*,

Those sparks more fire will still engender.

Whoever our trading with England would hinder,

To inflame both the nations do plainly conspire;

Because Irish linen will soon turn to *tinder*,

And wool it is greasy, and quickly takes fire.

TINDERBOX. *n. f.* [from *tinder* and *box*.] The box for holding *tinder*.

That worthy patriot, once the bellows,

And *tinderbox* of all his fellows,

He might even as well have employed his time in catching moles, making lanterns and *tinderboxes*.

TINE. *n. f.* [from *time*, Ilandick.]

1. The tooth of a harrow; the spike of a fork.

In the southern parts of England they destroy moles by traps that fall on them, and strike sharp *tines* or teeth through them.

2. Trouble; distress.

The root whereof, and tragical effect,

Vouchsafe, O thou the mournful muse of mine,

That won't the tragick stage for to direct,

In funeral complaints and wailful *tine*.

To *TINE*. *v. a.* [from *tin*, Saxon.]

1. To kindle; to light; to set on fire.

Strifeful *Atin* in their stubborn mind

Coals of contention and hot vengeance *tin'd*.

The clouds

Justling or push'd with winds, rude in their flock,

Tine the flant lightning; whose thwart flame driv'n down,

Kindles the gummy bark of fir.

The priest with holy hands was seen to *tine*

The cloven wood, and pour the ruddy wine.

2. [from *tin*, Saxon, to *shut*.] To shut.

To *TINE*. *v. n.*

1. To rage; to smart.

2. To fight.

Eden stain'd with blood of many a band

Of Scots and English both, that *tined* on his strand.

To *TINGE*. *v. a.* [from *tinge*, Lat.] To impregnate or imbue with a colour or taste.

Sir Roger is something of an humourist; and his virtues as well as imperfections are *tinged* by a certain extravagance, which makes them particularly his.

A red powder mixed with a little blue, or a blue with a little red, doth not presently lose its colour; but a white powder mixed with any colour is presently *tinged* with that colour, and is equally capable of being *tinged* with any colour whatever.

If the eye be *tinged* with any colour, as in the jaundice, so as to *tinge* pictures in the bottom of the eye with that colour, all objects appear *tinged* with the same colour.

Still lays some useful bile aside,

To *tinge* the chyle's insipid tide;

Else we should want both gibe and satire,

And all be burst with pure good-nature.

The infusions of rhubarb and saffron *tinge* the urine with a high yellow.

TINGENT. *adj.* [from *tingens*, Lat.] Having the power to tinge.

This wood, by the *tincture* it afforded, appeared to have its coloured part genuine; but as for the white part, it appears much less enriched with the *tingent* property.

TINGLASS. *n. f.* [from *ting* and *glass*.] Bismuth.

To *TINGLE*. *v. n.* [from *tingelen*, Dutch.]

1. To feel a sound, or the continuance of a sound, in the ears.

This is perhaps rather *tingle*.

When our ear *tingles*, we usually say that somebody is talking of us; which is an ancient conceit.

2. To feel a sharp quick pain with a sensation of motion.

The pale boy senator yet *tingling* stands.

3. To feel either pain or pleasure with a sensation of motion.

The sense of this word is not very well ascertained.

They suck pollution through their *tingling* veins.

In a palsy, sometimes the sensation or feeling is either totally abolished, or dull with a sense of *tingling*.

To *TINK*. *v. n.* [from *tinnis*, Latin; *tincian*, Welsh.] To make a sharp shrill noise.

TINKER. *n. f.* [from *tink*, because their way of proclaiming their trade is to beat a kettle, or because in their tink they make a tinkling noise.] A mender of old brass.

Am not I old Sly's son, by education a cardmaker, and now by present profession a *tinker*.

My

TIP

My copper medals by the pound

May be with learned justice weigh'd:

To turn the balance, Ocho's head

May be thrown in: and for the mettle

The coin may mend a *tinker's* kettle.

To *TINKLE*. *v. n.* [from *tinter*, Fr. *tinnio*, Latin.]

1. To make a sharp quick noise; to clink.

The daughters of Zion are haughty, and walk with stretched out necks, making a *tinkling* with their feet.

His feeble hand a javelin threw,

Which flitting, seem'd to loiter as it flew:

Just, and but barely, to the mark it held,

And faintly *tinkl'd* on the brazen shield.

2. The sprightly horse

Moves to the music of his *tinkling* bells.

3. It seems to have been improperly used by Pope.

The wand'ring streams that shine between the hills,

The grotts that echo to the *tinkling* rills.

3. To hear a low quick noise.

With deeper brown the grove was overspread,

A sudden horror seiz'd his giddy head,

And his ears *tinkled*, and the colour fled.

TINMAN. *n. f.* [from *tin* and *man*.] A manufacturer of tin, or iron tinned over.

Didst thou never pop

Thy head into a *tinman's* shop?

TINPENNY. *n. f.* A certain customary duty anciently paid to the tithingmen.

TINWORM. *n. f.* An insect.

TINNER. *n. f.* [from *tin*; *tin*, Saxon.] One who works in the tin mines.

The Cornish men, many of them could for a need live under-ground, that were *tinners*.

TINSEL. *n. f.* [from *tinsel*, Fr.]

1. A kind of shining cloth.

A *tinsel* veil her amber locks did throw,

That strove to cover what it could not hide.

Its but a night-gown in respect of your's; cloth of gold and cuts, underborne with a bluish *tinsel*.

By 'Theis' *tinsel* slipper'd feet,

And the songs of sirens sweet.

2. Any thing shining with false lustre; any thing showy and of little value.

For favours cheap and common who would strive;

Yet scatter'd here and there I some behold,

Who can discern the *tinsel* from the gold?

If the man will too curiously examine the superficial *tinsel* good, he undecives himself to his own cost.

No glittering *tinsel* of May fair,

Could with this rod of Sid compare.

Ye *tinsel* insects, whom a court maintains,

That counts your beauties only by your stains,

Spin all your cobwebs o'er the eyes of day,

The mule's wing shall brush you all away.

To *TINSEL*. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To decorate with cheap ornaments; to adorn with lustre that has no value.

Hence you phantastick possillers in song,

My text defeats your art, 'tis nature's tongue;

Scorns all her *tinsel'd* metaphors of self,

Illustrated by nothing but herself.

She, *tinsel'd* o'er in robes of varying hues,

With self-applause her wild creation views,

Sees momentary monsters rise and fall,

And with her own fool's colours gilds them all.

TINT. *n. f.* [from *tinte*, Fr. *tinta*, Ital.] A dye; a colour.

Whether thy hand strike out some free design,

Where life awakes, and dawns at every line;

Or blend in beautiful *tint* the colour'd mase,

And from the canvas call the mimic face.

TINY. *adj.* [from *tiny*, Danish.] Little; small; puny. A burlesque word.

Some pigeons, Davys, and any pretty little *tiny* kickshaws.

When that I was a little *tiny* boy,

A foolish thing was but a toy.

But ah! I fear thy little fancy roves,

On little females and on little loves;

Thy pigmy children, and thy *tiny* spouse,

The baby playthings that adorn thy house.

TIP. *n. f.* [from *tippen*, Dutch.] Top; end; point; extremity.

The *tip* no jewel needs to wear,

The *tip* is jewel of the ear.

They touch the beard with the *tip* of their tongue, and wet it.

Thrice upon thy fingers *tip*,

Thrice upon thy rubied *tip*.

All the pleasure dwells upon the *tip* of his tongue.

She has fifty private amours, which nobody yet knows any thing of but herself, and thirty clandestine marriages that have not been touched by the *tip* of the tongue.

TIR

I no longer look upon lord Plausible as ridiculous, for admiring a lady's fine *tip* of an ear and pretty elbow.

To *TIP*. *v. a.* [from the noun.]

1. To top; to end; to cover on the end.

In his hand a reed

Stood waving, *tip'd* with fire.

With truncheon *tip'd* with iron head,

The warrior to the lists he led.

How would the old king smile

To see you weigh the paws, when *tip'd* with gold,

And throw the shaggy spoils about your shoulders.

Quarto's, octavo's shape the less'ning pyre,

And last a little Ajax *tips* the spite.

Behold the place, where if a poet

Shin'd in description, he might show it;

Tell how the moon-beam trembling falls,

And *tips* with silver all the walls.

Fair ermines spotless as the snows they press.

2. To strike lightly; to tap.

She writes love letters to the youth in grace,

Nay, *tips* the wink before the cuckold's face.

The pert jackanapes *tips* me the wink, and put